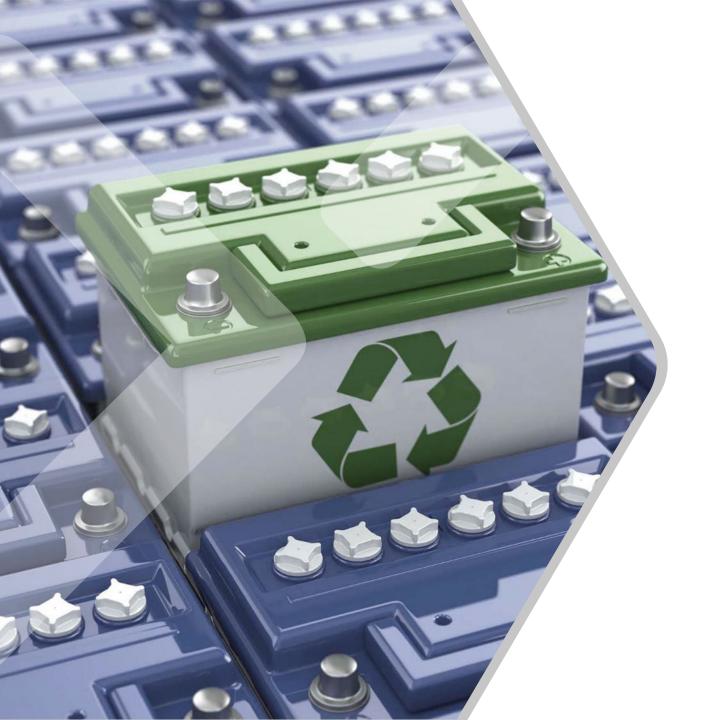


October 2022

BATTERY RECYCLING -CIRCULAR ECONOMY ON THE EXAMPLE OF E-MOBILITY



BATTERY RECYCLING IS MOVING INTO THE SPOTLIGHT

Battery recycling will gain enormous relevance by 2040 – successful management of bottlenecks in material supply, building regional capacities, and establishing technical standards will be crucial



The amount of recycling is growing rapidly. Between 2030 and 2040, a nearly 15-fold increase in recycling worldwide is to be expected



There is a long-term need for investments. By 2040, >€35 billion will have to be invested in plants and machinery to meet Europe's recycling needs. By 2030, however, the announced recycling capacities exceed the demand



Bottlenecks are to be expected. While a global bottleneck will be averted by building up capacity, regional/local bottleneck are to be expected due to technological diversity. A footprint strategy is necessary

KEY MESSAGES

THE RE-X CYCLE OF BATTERY CELLS

The battery cycle will be significantly driven by recycling – only a fraction of 5-15% will find its way into 2nd life applications after the use inside a BEV



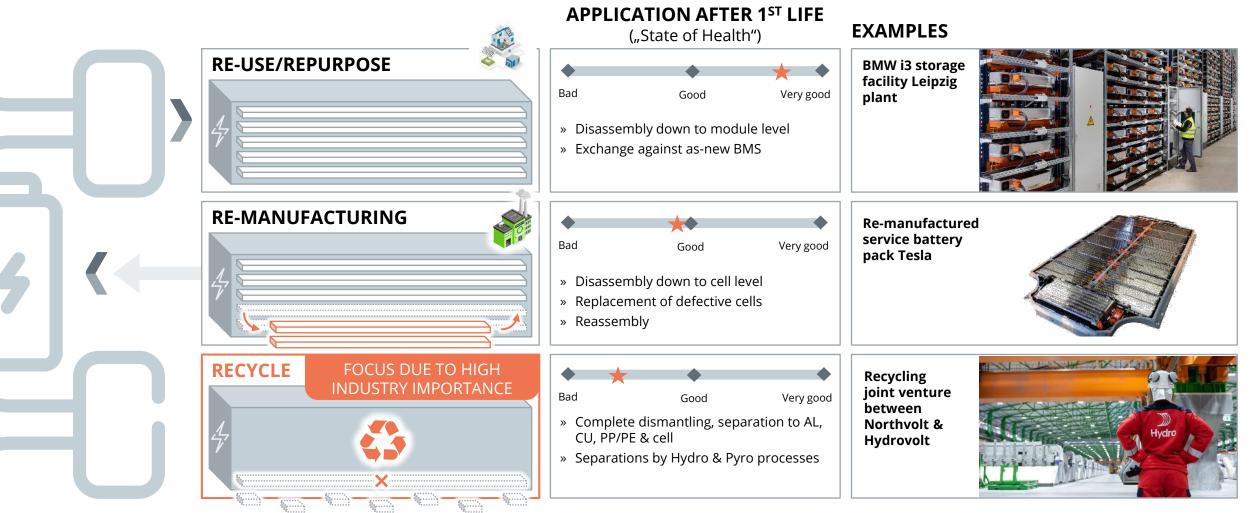
CORE STATEMENTS

- » Only a fraction of 5-15% will find its way into 2nd life applications after the use inside a BEV
- Further 5-15% of the cells are expected to be re-manufactured for reuse in battery vehicles (e.g. after-market)
- » The majority of 70-90% will be recycled and the raw materials are returned to the material cycle via battery cell manufacturers and other industry players
- » The 2nd life application is usually always followed by recycling

Source: Berylls Strategy Advisors, PEM Motion BEV: Battery electric vehicle

EXAMPLES OF RE-X APPLICATIONS

The different use cases for Re-X applications are depending on durability and battery condition after the 1st life – various existing and new fields of application are being developed



Source: Berylls Strategy Advisors

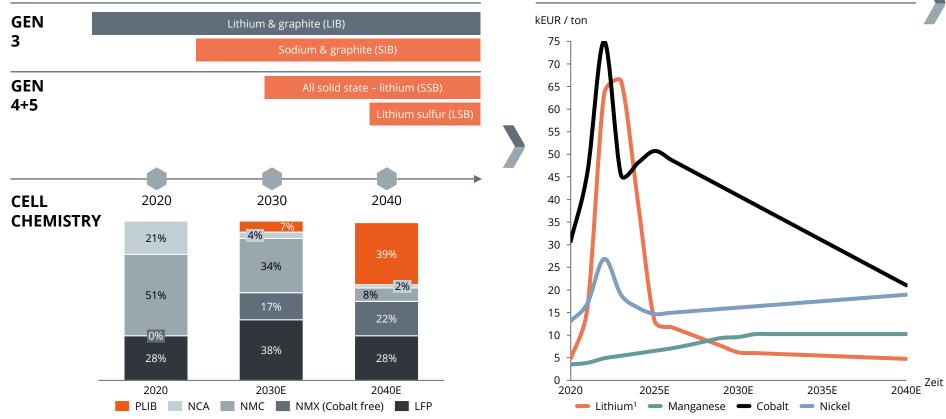
RAW MATERIAL PRICE DEVELOPMENT AND IMPACT

The shift of cell chemistry determines the demand for relevant raw materials – both the demand and external factors determine price developments of material costs

FORECAST OF SELECTED

RAW MATERIAL PRICES

NEW BATTERY TECHNOLOGIES AND THE UNDERLYING CELL CHEMISTRIES



CORE MESSAGES

- » New battery technologies and the development of new cell chemistries determine the **battery roadmap**
- » At the same time, the development of new cell chemistries also determines the demand for relevant raw materials
- » The development of raw material prices is subject to many factors, which are in many cases unpredictable
- » This leads to a high volatility of raw material prices, which can be seen in the cases of lithium and cobalt

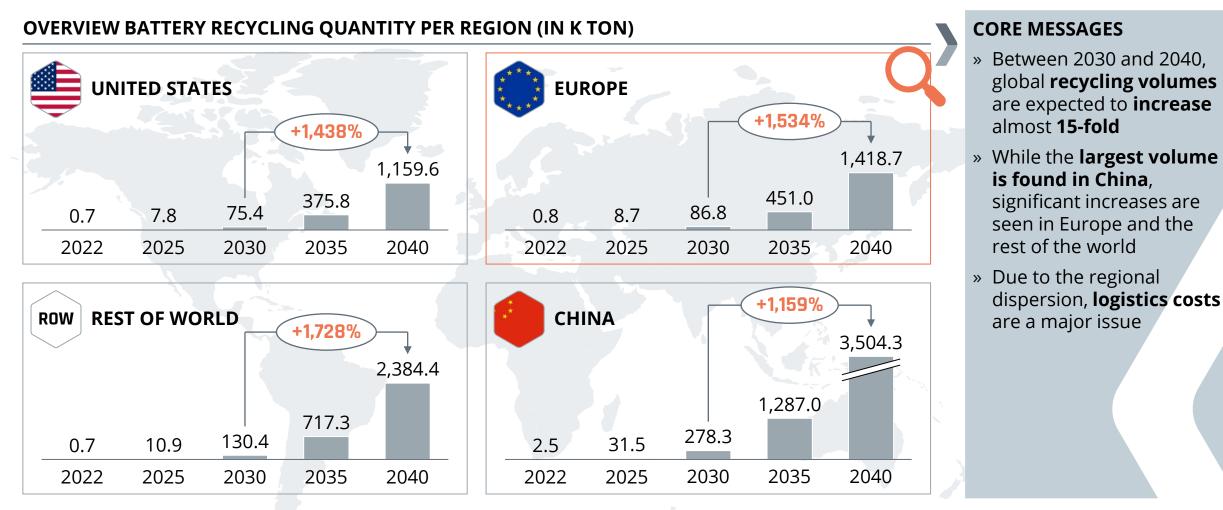
PLIB: Post-Lithium-ion battery, NCA: Lithium Nickel Cobalt Aluminum Oxide, NMC: Lithium Nickel Manganese Cobalt Oxide, NMX: Nickel-Manganese-X Oxide, LFP: Lithium Iron Phosphate Source: Berylls Strategy Advisors; capital.com; German Lithium Participation; DIW Wochenbericht; Tetra Tech Canada Inc.; globenewswire.com; Bloomberg; Trading Economics

¹ Price Lithium Carbonate

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BATTERY RECYCLING VOLUMES

All regions will record significant volume growth – the largest quantities of materials for recycling will be accumulated in China

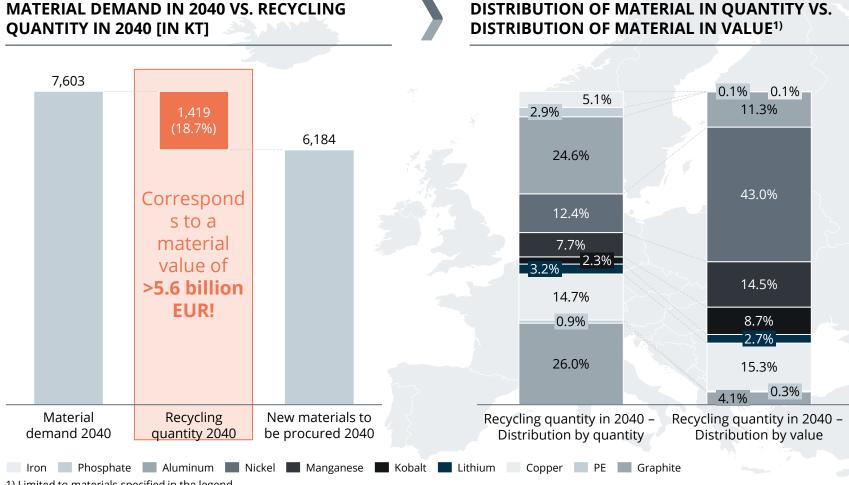


Source: Berylls Strategy Advisors

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VALUE OF RECYCLING MATERIALS

In 2040, recycling materials worth >€5.6 billion will be generated – aluminum and graphite are the two largest material groups by volume, but the total value of recycled material is dominated by nickel

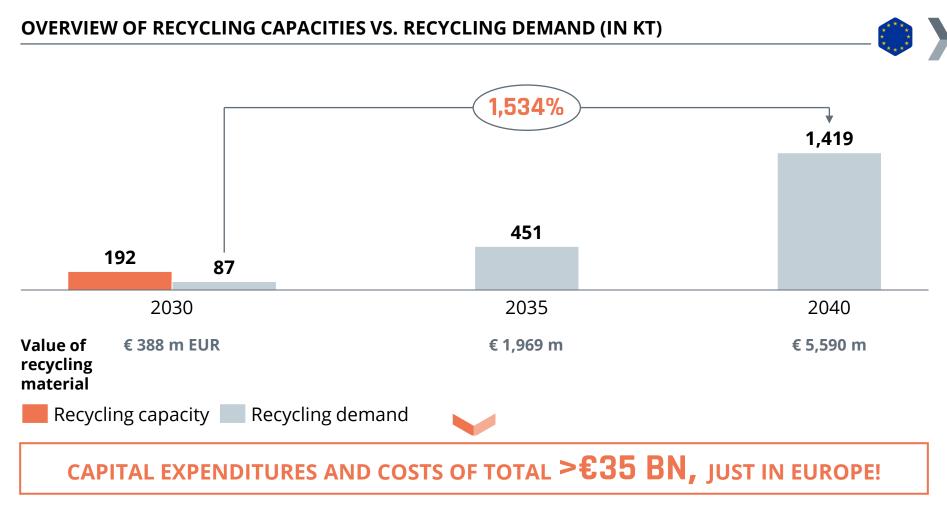


CORE MESSAGES

- » In 2040, approx. 18.7% of battery material requirements can be covered by recycled materials
- In particular, the demand for phosphate, copper and graphite can be fully covered by recycled materials
- » The value of recycled materials is >€5.6 billion, with nickel accounting for over EUR 2 billion.

RECYCLING CAPACITIES

Recycling capacities must also cover future needs – in Europe, recycling demand will increase 16-fold from 2030 to 2040, requiring investments of >€35 billion



Source: Berylls Strategy Advisors

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CORE MESSAGES

by 2040

models

» Recycling capacity

sufficient to meet

demand in 2040 - an

» While there have been numerous **announce**-

yet materialized

recycling business

ments about capacity

building, these **have not**

 » Logistics costs correspond to approx. 30% of OpEx

and thus strengthen local

installed by 2030 is **not**

increase of 1,534% needed

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